

Mathematics Higher level Paper 2

Wednesday 11 May 2016 (morning)

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2 hours

Instructions to candidates

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions in the boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number
 on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your
 cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics HL and further mathematics HL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [120 marks].





Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. In particular, solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

Section A

Answer all questions in the boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 4]

The points
$$A$$
 and B have position vectors $\overset{\rightarrow}{OA}=\begin{pmatrix}1\\2\\-2\end{pmatrix}$ and $\overset{\rightarrow}{OB}=\begin{pmatrix}1\\0\\2\end{pmatrix}.$

- (a) Find $\overrightarrow{OA} \times \overrightarrow{OB}$. [2]
- (b) Hence find the area of the triangle OAB. [2]



2. [Maximum mark: 4]

(a) Express $x^2 + 4x - 2$ in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$ where $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$.

[2]

(b) If f(x) = x + 2 and $(g \circ f)(x) = x^2 + 4x - 2$ write down g(x).

[2]

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The displacement, s, in metres, of a particle t seconds after it passes through the origin is given by the expression $s = \ln(2 - e^{-t})$, $t \ge 0$.

- (a) Find an expression for the velocity, v, of the particle at time t. [2]
- (b) Find an expression for the acceleration, a, of the particle at time t. [2]
- (c) Find the acceleration of the particle at time t = 0. [1]

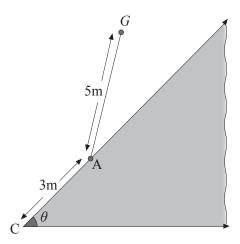
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4. [Maximum mark: 6]

The diagram below shows a fenced triangular enclosure in the middle of a large grassy field. The points A and C are $3\,\mathrm{m}$ apart. A goat G is tied by a $5\,\mathrm{m}$ length of rope at point A on the outside edge of the enclosure.

Given that the corner of the enclosure at C forms an angle of θ radians and the area of field that can be reached by the goat is $44\,\mathrm{m}^2$, find the value of θ .





Turn over

5. [Maximum mark: 7]

The function f is given by $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 10}{x^2 - 4}$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$, $x \neq 2$, $x \neq -2$.

(a) Prove that f is an even function.

[2]

- (b) (i) Sketch the graph y = f(x).
 - (ii) Write down the range of f.

[5]



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The heights of students in a single year group in a large school can be modelled by a normal distribution.

It is given that $40\,\%$ of the students are shorter than $1.62\,m$ and $25\,\%$ are taller than $1.79\,m$.

Find the mean and standard deviation of the heights of the students.



[4]

[1]

7. [Maximum mark: 8]

It has been suggested that in rowing competitions the time, T seconds taken to complete a $2000\,\mathrm{m}$ race can be modelled by an equation of the form $T=aN^b$, where N is the number of rowers in the boat and a and b are constants for rowers of a similar standard.

To test this model the times for the finalists in all the $2000\,\mathrm{m}$ men's races at a recent Olympic games were recorded and the mean calculated.

The results are shown in the following table for N=1 and N=2.

N	T (seconds)
1	420.65
2	390.94

(a)	Use these results to find estimates for the value of a and the value of b . Give your
	answers to five significant figures.

(b) Use this model to estimate the mean time for the finalists in an Olympic race for boats with 8 rowers. Give your answer correct to two decimal places.

It is now given that the mean time in the final for boats with 8 rowers was 342.08 seconds.

(c)	Calculate the error in v	vour estimate as a	a percentage of the actual value.	[1]

(d)	Comment on the likely validity of the model as N increases beyond 8.	[2]





When x^2+4x-b is divided by x-a the remainder is 2. Given that a, $b \in \mathbb{R}$, find the smallest possible value for b.



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9.	[Maximum	mark:	71

Two distinct roots for the equation $z^4 - 10z^3 + az^2 + bz + 50 = 0$ are c + i and 2 + id where $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$, d > 0.

(a) Write down the other two roots in terms of c and d.

[1]

(b) Find the value of c and the value of d.

[6]



Turn over

10. [Maximum mark: 8]

Students sign up at a desk for an activity during the course of an afternoon. The arrival of each student is independent of the arrival of any other student and the number of students arriving per hour can be modelled as a Poisson distribution with a mean of λ .

The desk is open for 4 hours. If exactly 5 people arrive to sign up for the activity during that time find the probability that exactly 3 of them arrived during the first hour.



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

Section B

Answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

11. [Maximum mark: 22]

Let
$$f(x) = x^4 + 0.2x^3 - 5.8x^2 - x + 4$$
, $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

(a) Find the solutions of f(x) > 0.

[3]

- (b) For the curve y = f(x).
 - (i) Find the coordinates of both local minimum points.
 - (ii) Find the *x*-coordinates of the points of inflexion.

[5]

The domain of f is now restricted to [0, a].

- (c) (i) Write down the largest value of a for which f has an inverse. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.
 - (ii) For this value of a sketch the graphs of y = f(x) and $y = f^{-1}(x)$ on the same set of axes, showing clearly the coordinates of the end points of each curve.
 - (iii) Solve $f^{-1}(x) = 1$. [6]

Let
$$g(x) = 2\sin(x-1) - 3$$
, $-\frac{\pi}{2} + 1 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2} + 1$.

- (d) (i) Find an expression for $g^{-1}(x)$, stating the domain.
 - (ii) Solve $(f^{-1} \circ g)(x) < 1$. [8]



Turn over

[8]

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12. [Maximum mark: 16]

Consider the curve, C defined by the equation $y^2 - 2xy = 5 - e^x$. The point A lies on C and has coordinates (0, a), a > 0.

- (a) Find the value of a. [2]
- (b) Show that $\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \frac{2y \mathrm{e}^x}{2(y x)}.$ [4]
- (c) Find the equation of the normal to C at the point A. [3]
- (d) Find the coordinates of the second point at which the normal found in part (c) intersects *C*. [4]
- (e) Given that $v = y^3$, y > 0, find $\frac{dv}{dx}$ at x = 0. [3]

13. [Maximum mark: 22]

Six balls numbered 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3 are placed in a bag. Balls are taken one at a time from the bag at random and the number noted. Throughout the question a ball is always replaced before the next ball is taken.

- (a) A single ball is taken from the bag. Let X denote the value shown on the ball. Find $\mathbb{E}(X)$. [2]
- (b) Three balls are taken from the bag. Find the probability that
 - (i) the total of the three numbers is 5;
 - (ii) the median of the three numbers is 1. [6]
- (c) Ten balls are taken from the bag. Find the probability that less than four of the balls are numbered 2. [3]
- (d) Find the least number of balls that must be taken from the bag for the probability of taking out at least one ball numbered 2 to be greater than 0.95. [3]
- (e) Another bag also contains balls numbered 1, 2 or 3. Eight balls are to be taken from this bag at random. It is calculated that the expected number of balls numbered 1 is 4.8, and the variance of the number of balls numbered 2 is 1.5.
 - Find the least possible number of balls numbered 3 in this bag.



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